CLAIMS

Therefore, having thus described the invention, at least the following is claimed:

- 1 1. An analog front end for a digital subscriber line data communication 2 system, comprising: a line driver for transmitting a data signal over a local loop; 3 4 a digital to analog converter having an output connected to an input of the line 5 driver, the digital to analog converter also having a data input for receiving a digital data signal and a clock input for receiving a clock signal; and 6 a data signal supervisor circuit having a first input configured to receive the data 7 signal and a second input configured to receive the clock signal, the supervisor circuit 8 having comparison circuitry for logically comparing a first value of the data signal in 9 relation to a signal change of the clock signal to a second value of the data signal in 10 relation to a previous signal change of the clock signal and asserting a transmit control 11 12 output signal if the first value of data signal is the same as the second value of the data 13 signal.
- The analog front end of claim 1, further comprising:

 a clock detector circuit having an input configured to receive the clock signal, the

 clock detector circuit further including frequency detection circuitry configured to assert a

 reset signal in response to the frequency of the clock signal.
- The analog front end of claim 1, further comprising:

 a control circuit having a reset input configured to receive a reset signal from the

 clock detector, the control circuit configured to reinitialize the digital subscriber line data

 communication system in response to the reset signal.
- 1 4. The analog front end of claim 3, wherein the control circuit includes 2 circuitry for commanding the digital to analog converter to disable an output signal.

- The analog front end of claim 1, wherein the comparison circuitry includes 5. 1 a counter circuit configured to count a predetermined number of clock signal cycles 2 wherein the data signal remains unchanged. 3 6. The analog front end of claim 5, wherein the comparison circuitry further 1 comprises Exclusive Or logic having an input that is indicative of the logical comparison 2 of a first value of the data signal with a second value of the data signal, the Exclusive Or 3 logic being in communication with an input of the counter circuit. 4 7. 1 An analog front end for a digital subscriber line data communication 2 system, comprising: means for transmitting a data signal; 3 means for converting a digital input signal into an analog representation of the 4 digital input signal; 5 6 means for detecting an at least one data signal anomalous condition; and 7 means for asserting an at least one transmit control output signal in response to the 8 at least one data signal anomalous condition. 8. 1 The analog front end of claim 7, wherein the means for transmitting a data 2 signal receives a digital data stream from a delta-sigma modulator. 9. 1 The analog front end of claim 7, wherein the means for detecting an at 2 least one data signal anomalous condition is performed by monitoring a digital data 3 stream. 10. 1 The analog front end of claim 9, wherein the digital data stream comprises 2 a data signal and a clock signal.

The analog front end of claim 10, wherein the means for detecting an at

least one data signal anomalous condition is performed by a data supervisor.

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The analog front end of claim 10, wherein the means for detecting an at 2 least one data signal anomalous condition is performed by a clock detector. 13. A method for monitoring data transmissions in an analog front end, 1 2 comprising: 3 comparing consecutive values of a digital data signal in relation to a clock signal; and 4 identifying a transmission error condition if there is no substantial change in the 5 6 consecutive values of the digital data signal within a predetermined number of clock signal cycles. 7 14. 1 The method of claim 13, further comprising: 2 monitoring the frequency of the clock signal; and 3 generating a reset signal if the frequency of the clock signal falls below a predetermined value. 4 15. A transmission signal integrity supervisor, comprising: 1 2 a clock detector configured to receive a clock signal input and generate a first output signal in response to an at least one clock signal input anomalous condition; and 3 4 a data supervisor configured to receive a digital data stream and generate a second 5 output signal in response to an at least one digital data stream anomalous condition. 16. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 15, wherein the first output signal 1 is a reset signal. 2 17. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 15, wherein the second output 1 signal is a power down signal. 2 18. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 15, wherein the data supervisor 1 receives a digital data stream from a delta-sigma modulator.

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19. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 15, wherein the clock detector 1 comprises a first monostable circuit and a second monstable circuit. 2 20. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 19, wherein the clock detector 1 further comprises: 2 a current mirror; and 3 a resistor – capacitor combination having a resistance and a capacitance value 4 respectively, selected such that the first output signal triggers in response to a clock signal 5 input that falls below a minimum frequency. 6 1 21. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 15, wherein the data supervisor 2 comprises: a comparator; and 3 a maximum number counter. 4 1 22. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 21, wherein the comparator is configured to compare a data value from a previous clock cycle with a current data value 2 and to generate a reset signal in response to consecutive data levels that vary. 3 23. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 21, wherein the maximum number 1 counter is configured to increment upon detecting a clock cycle until it receives the reset 2 3 signal from the comparator. 24. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 23, wherein the maximum number 1 2 counter is configured to generate an output signal upon reaching a maximum count. 1 25. The signal integrity supervisor of claim 24, wherein the maximum number 2 counter comprises a 4-bit asynchronous counter.

26. 1 A circuit, comprising: means for monitoring a digital data stream; and 2 3 means for generating an output signal in response to an anomalous condition in the digital data stream. 4 27. The circuit of claim 26, wherein the anomalous condition in the digital 1 2 data stream would create a direct current (DC) transmit signal. The circuit of claim 26, wherein the means for monitoring a digital data 1 28. 2 stream comprises a signal integrity supervisor. 1 29. The circuit of claim 28, wherein the signal integrity supervisor comprises a 2 clock detector and a data supervisor. 1 30. The circuit of claim 28, wherein the means for generating an output signal 2 is responsive to a digital data stream having a number of consecutive data values of equal magnitude wherein the number of consecutive data values reaches a predetermined 3 maximum value. 4 The circuit of claim 28, wherein the means for generating an output signal 1 31. is responsive to a digital data stream having a clock signal that falls below a 2 predetermined minimum frequency. 3 32. A transmission unit, comprising: 1 2 a signal integrity supervisor configured to generate a response to a digital data stream having an anomalous condition. 3 33. The transmission unit of claim 32, wherein the digital data stream 1 anomalous condition is a clock signal frequency that falls below a predetermined 2 minimum value. 3

1 34. The transmission unit of claim 32, wherein the digital data stream anomalous condition is a data signal having a corresponding data value that does not vary 2 for a predetermined maximum number of clock cycles. 3 35. A method for preventing a transmission unit from forwarding a transmit 1 signal that may result in a DC flow condition, comprising: 2 monitoring a data signal; 3 generating a first signal in response to a data signal condition; 4 monitoring a clock signal; and 5 generating a second signal in response to clock signal condition. 6 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the data signal is provided by a delta-1 2 sigma modulator. 37. The method of claim 35, wherein the step of monitoring a data signal is 1 2 performed with a digital comparator. 38. The method of claim 35, wherein the first signal is a power down signal. 1 39. The method of claim 38, wherein the power down signal is generated in 1 2 response to a data signal having an unchanging value. 1 40. The method of claim 39, wherein the power down signal is generated by an asynchronous counter that reaches a maximum value. 2 The method of claim 35, wherein the second signal is a reset signal. 41. 1 1 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the reset signal is generated in response to a clock signal having a frequency that fails to exceed a predetermined minimum value.

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- 1 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the reset signal is generated by a
- 2 monostable circuit.